

# BELGRADE SIGHTSEEING TOUR (up to 3 hours)

## By car

**ST. SAVA TEMPLE** built where the remains of St. Sava were burnt by the Ottoman Turks in 1594. The construction began in 1936. As St. Sava Temple may host several thousand worshippers, it is one of the world's largest Orthodox churches.

**BELGRADE FORTRESS** located on a hill overlooking the confluence of Sava River and the Danube. Over the centuries of sieges, battles and conquests, the fortress was repeatedly razed to the ground, rebuilt and restructured. The Belgrade Fortress consists of Upper and Lower Town and Kalemegdan Park.

**THE PARLIAMENT** was built between 1907 and 1936 with the decoration of bronze statues of men and horses.

**OLD PALACE** built in 1882 as a private residence of King Milan Obrenović. Today it is Belgrade City Hall.

**NEW PALACE** built between 1911 and 1922 as a Royal palace of King Petra I Karađorđević. Today it is the Office of the Serbian President.

**NATIONAL THEATRE** built in 1869 with the efforts of Prince Mihailo Obrenović.

**NATIONAL MUSEUM** the oldest museum in Belgrade, situated in the building from 1903 and out of its treasure all the other Belgrade museums have been established.

**TERAZIJE STREET** the main square called after the water level of the towers parts of the Turkish aqueduct in existence there in the 18th century.

**KRALJA MILANA STREET** is the main street connecting Terazije and Slavija Square.

**KNEZA MILOSA STREET** one of the oldest and the most representative city streets, with Embassies, Ministries and the houses of wealthy citizens of the beginning of 20th century.

**THE 25th of MAY MUSEUM, HOUSE OF FLOWERS** built in 1975 as office with covered garden during Josip Broz Tito's life, near his residence. According to his wish he was buried there. Today, there is a simple tomb of white marble.